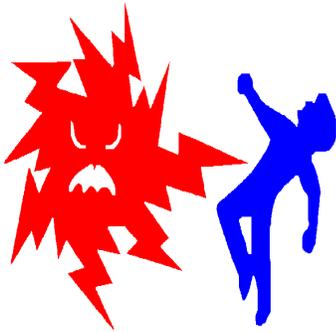


# Electrical Safety



We rely on electrical power to keep our workplaces and our homes operating day and night. Electricity provides heat, light and energy to do many kinds of work. As useful as electricity is, we must never forget it is also dangerous. Electrical shock kills. Electricity can also cause fires and explosions. With the holiday season upon us we must be even more vigilant in ensuring that we keep our workplace and our homes electrically safe.

## Electrical Safety Tips:

- ◆ Keep electricity and moisture away from each other. Never touch electrical equipment with wet hands or when standing on a damp surface. Use a Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) whenever you use electrical tools and appliances around moisture or outdoors.
- ◆ Report any indications of electrical malfunction. Watch for these signs: flickering lights, radio or television interference when another electrical device is in operation, and electrical equipment which works sometimes and doesn't work the next time.
- ◆ Never attempt electrical repairs unless you are qualified and authorized to do so. Do not use electrical equipment altered with makeshift repairs.
- ◆ Do not alter plugs by removing the third prong so it can fit into a two-prong outlet. This defeats the safety feature of a ground wire.
- ◆ Only use extension cords temporarily. Have wiring upgraded to accommodate new equipment.
- ◆ Heed all warning signs about electrical hazards. Stay away from high voltage installations and other posted areas.
- ◆ Beware of overhead electrical hazards. Watch for power lines and ceiling fixtures when moving items such as ladders or pipes, or operating equipment such as cranes or lifting devices.
- ◆ Inspect your home for possible electrical hazards, including overloaded circuits and defective electrical equipment. .
- ◆ Before you attempt to rescue a victim of electric shock, make sure you are not putting yourself in similar danger. Do not touch the person and do not use a tool to reach the person unless you are sure the power has been disconnected.
- ◆ If fire occurs in energized electrical equipment, use only a "C" fire extinguisher, or a combination "ABC" or "BC" extinguisher. Never put water on an electrical fire; the result can be a deadly shock.

