

<sup>8</sup>Lieutenant Colonel Gary W. Wright, "Scatterable Munitions=Unexploded Ordnance (UXO)=Fratricide," U.S. Army War College, Carlisle Barracks, Pennsylvania, March 1993 [ADA264233].

<sup>9</sup>General Sir Hugh Beach, "Cluster Bombs: The Case for New Controls," Briefing Paper Number 25, International Security Information Service, Brussels, Belgium, May 2001.

<sup>10</sup>Estimates for the M34A1 and M190 were made from field trial data contained in *Joint CB Technical Data Source Book, Volume III, Sub-Volume 3* (Appendices, G Nerve Agents, Part 2: Agent GB), U.S. Army Dugway Proving Ground, Utah, December 1976 [ADB019437L].

<sup>11</sup>*Naval Operations Analysis*, U.S. Naval Academy, 1968, p. 208.

<sup>12</sup>"Explosive Remnants of War (ERW)—A Threat Analysis," Geneva International Centre for Humanitarian Demining, Geneva, Switzerland, 2002.

<sup>13</sup>"Bomblets Contain Brucella Bacteria," United Press International, 8 December 1995.

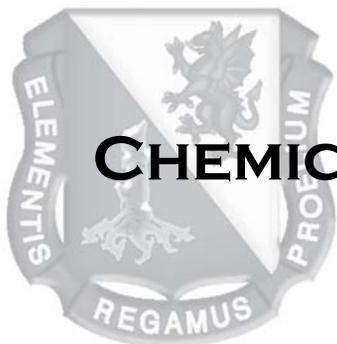
<sup>14</sup>Albert J. Mauroni, *Chemical Demilitarization: Public Policy Aspects*, Praeger Publishers, April 2003.

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The 86th Chemical Mortar Battalion will hold its 2007 reunion at Fort Leonard Wood, Missouri, 11–15 April. For additional information, contact George Murray by telephone at (256) 820-4415, or look for details in the next Lobster newsletter.



## CHEMICAL SCHOOL RECEIVES FULL ACCREDITATION

*By Mr. Robert Johnson*

Like a schoolboy waiting for his report card, the U.S. Army Chemical School breathed a sigh of relief as it received full accreditation from the U.S. Army Training and Doctrine Command (TRADOC) on 29 March 2006. The U.S. Army Military Police School, also located at Fort Leonard Wood, Missouri, received full accreditation as well.

According to Bob Wilhelm, an evaluator at the Maneuver Support Center (MANSCEN) Quality Assurance Office, standards in training, training support, and proponent functions were measured during the accreditation process. "This is a really big deal for both schools and, yes, it is like a report card," Wilhelm said. "Both schools had to achieve an 80 percent or better [score] across all 24 standards to receive the full accreditation standing. If the schools had met every standard at 100 percent, they would have been listed as an Institute of Excellence, but nobody in TRADOC is going to see that level this year. There are too many issues, such as funding, that are beyond the gates of Fort Leonard Wood that would influence that level of rating. In today's tight budgets, full accreditation is a high achievement," Wilhelm said. "The process starts with a self-assessment, which is a serious look at yourself and how you are training, then TRADOC provides an assistance visit to help the school meet areas where there are shortfalls or deficiencies . . . ." Wilhelm said.

The Chemical and Military Police Schools join the U.S. Army Engineer School (USAES) and the MANSCEN Noncommissioned Officer Academy (NCOA) (both based at Fort Leonard Wood) in their accreditation award status. The USAES and the NCOA received their ratings in July 2004. ●●●

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